



IPIC 2023
9th International
Physical Internet Conference
June 13-15, 2023
Athens, Greece



THE PHYSICAL INTERNET LIVING LAB (PILL)

Testing of a first application, based on the physical internet



13-15 JUNE 2023 Athens, Greece
www.pi.events/IPIC2023



Expanding the logistics Scope



AGENDA

- PILL: the road towards a Physical Internet framework, *Joris Finck - imec; Philippe Michiels - imec*
- The PI-client: a blueprint for Physical Internet, *Philippe Michiels – imec*
- Validation of the PI-client and first PI-application, *Dries Van Bever – imec*
- Simulation of a decentralised network, *Shiqi Sun – VUB Mobilise*



Digital technology innovation with a significant impact on the quality of life.



An Cant
Domain research Lead



Joris Finck
Project Manager



Philippe Michiels
Lead Architect



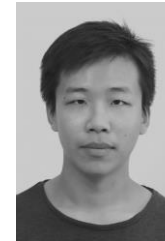
Vitor Lemos
Modelling Engineer



Dries Van Bever
Business Analyst



Cathérine Cassan
Research Lead



Shiqi Sun
Researcher

To accelerate the transition to a more sustainable and socially just mobility and logistics system



Geert Verbelen
Project Manager



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PILL in a nutshell

The road towards a physical internet framework

Joris Finck – Project manager - imec

Philippe Michiels – Lead Architect - imec



What is the project?

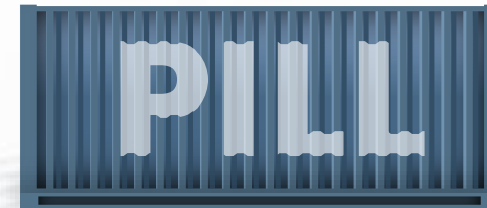
3-year Flemish strategic fundamental research project (cSBO)
lead by imec, VUB and VIL

Goals

- Foundation for broad Physical Internet (PI) implementation in Europe and beyond
- Test the academic research on the Physical Internet and its principles in practice

The PILL project will result in

- A blueprint for the Physical Internet as connected network of nodes
- POC: Implementation and field-testing of a first PI application with logistics partners
- A roadmap to get from POC to a commercial PI application



PHYSICAL INTERNET LIVING LAB



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Advisory Board



TRI = VIZOR



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- Antwerp harbors some of the world's largest terminals
- Plans for expansion
- Hinterland logistics suffering from congestion
- Modal shift is not happening fast enough

CURRENT SCOPE
HINTERLAND CONTAINER TRANSPORT

SOCIETAL
VALUE
↓




Green Logistics
Circular economy
Reduction of excess stock / waste




Handling the issue of bottleneck jobs through

- Routing
- Autonomous transportation




Extra regulation (EU / BREXIT)
Level playing field

ECONOMICAL
VALUE
↓




New digital services

- cross-stakeholder
- cross-domain




Leverage the network for existing services

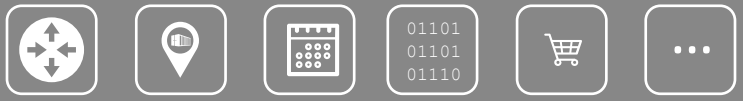


Innovative logistics services

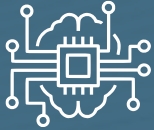
A layered approach to π



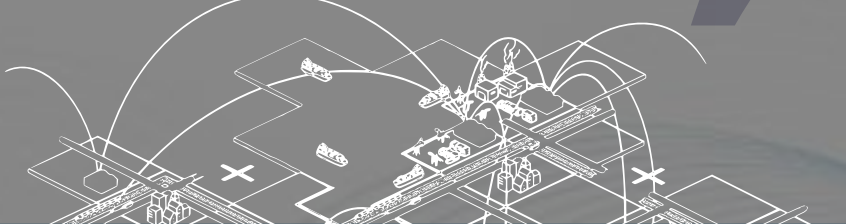

Business applications and services for planning, routing, booking, invoicing, real-time data,




routing track trace planning real-time data order & trading



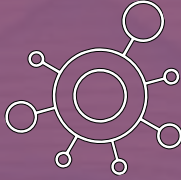
Logistics network optimization, Digital twin & Simulations

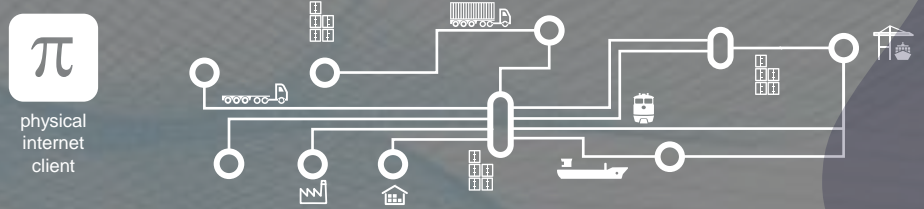
Standards, interoperability, governance & security



secure data sharing role based access control standards and interop decentral trust



Capability-driven decentral network of nodes, connected using a universal client



π physical internet client

PLATFORM CONNECTIVITY

π foundation (1): a network of Nodes and Capabilities



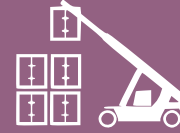
TRANSFER

Transfer of π -carriers from their inbound π -vehicles to their outbound π -vehicles.



HUB

The intermodal transshipment of π -containers from an incoming π -mover to a departing π -mover.



STORE

Storage of π -containers during mutually agreed upon target time window.



GATEWAY

π -depots are nodes where empty π -containers can be retrieved from or returned to their owner.



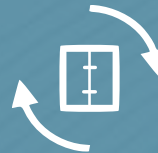
DEPOT

π -depots are nodes where empty π -containers can be retrieved from or returned to their owner.



COMPOSER

Constructing or deconstructing composite π -containers from specified sets of π -containers.



SERVICE PROVIDER

Nodes where services around π -containers are provided, such as customs clearance, weighing, fumigation.

More capabilities to be included in the future.

π foundation (2): Movers

SCHEDULED MOVERS

Operating between fixed nodes at scheduled times.



FLEXIBLE MOVERS

Unscheduled operation between variable nodes.



π foundation (3): Network State



centralized



decentralized



fully
Decentralized /
peer-2-peer



- Network state (nodes and capabilities) synced across the network
- Foundation for route finding
- No need to share sensitive data

In PILL we use Orbit DB (IPFS) for establishing peer-to-peer data exchange

π foundation (4): Route Finding in PI

- Valid transitions from one state to the next
- Tracking the PI container state and the assigned mover
- Used to find routes that satisfy the constraints
- Foundation for a proof-of-concept routing algorithm

$$P_c(s, n) \rightarrow s', n'$$

Container & Mover State

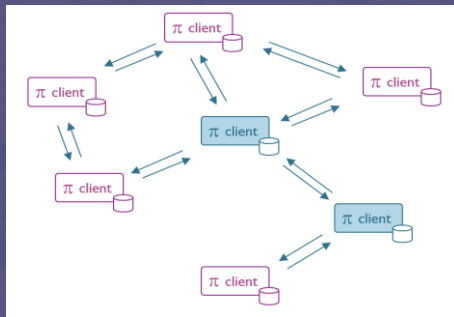
s =	{	Container state	(full or empty)
		Container location	(a π -node)
		Container ready	(a point in time)
	{	Mover id	(a π -mover)
		Mover modality	(road, rail or inland waterway)
		Mover state	(with or without container)
		Mover location	(a π -node or a π -vertex)

Constraints

c =	{	order type	(import or export)
		pick-up location	(a π -node)
		drop-off location	(a π -node)
		composer location	(a π -node)
		composition time window	(a start and end time)
		earliest pick-up	(a point in time)
		latest drop-off	(a point in time)

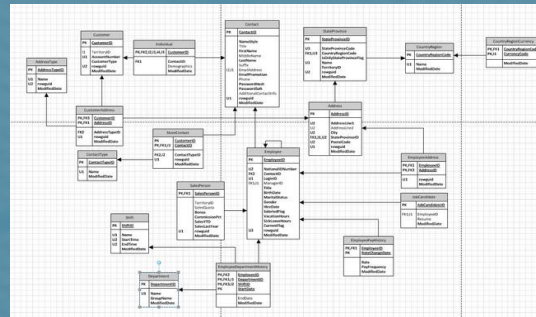
OPEN DECENTRAL NETWORK

“Data-space” connector that connects the stakeholders and enables decentralized information sharing.



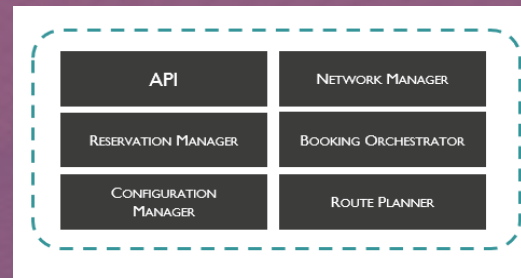
OPEN DATA MODEL

Data standards for information sharing, expanding on the existing DCSA standard.



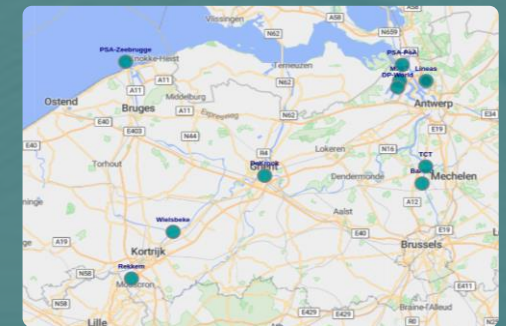
OPEN SOURCE PI-Client

Software component that provides the interface to the PI and orchestrates the interoperability between stakeholders.

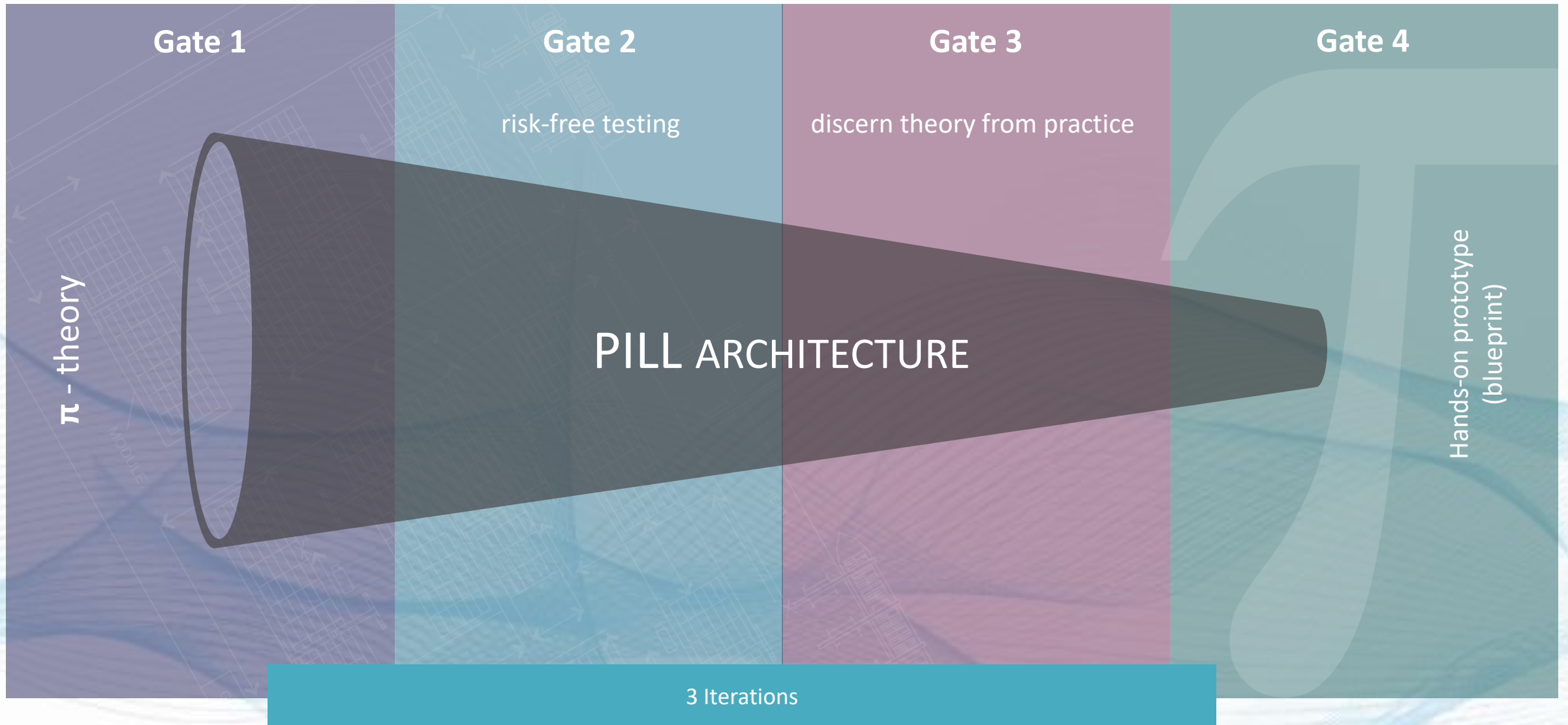


ROUTING ENGINE & SIMULATION MODEL

Calculate the flow of goods, based on the new data standard.



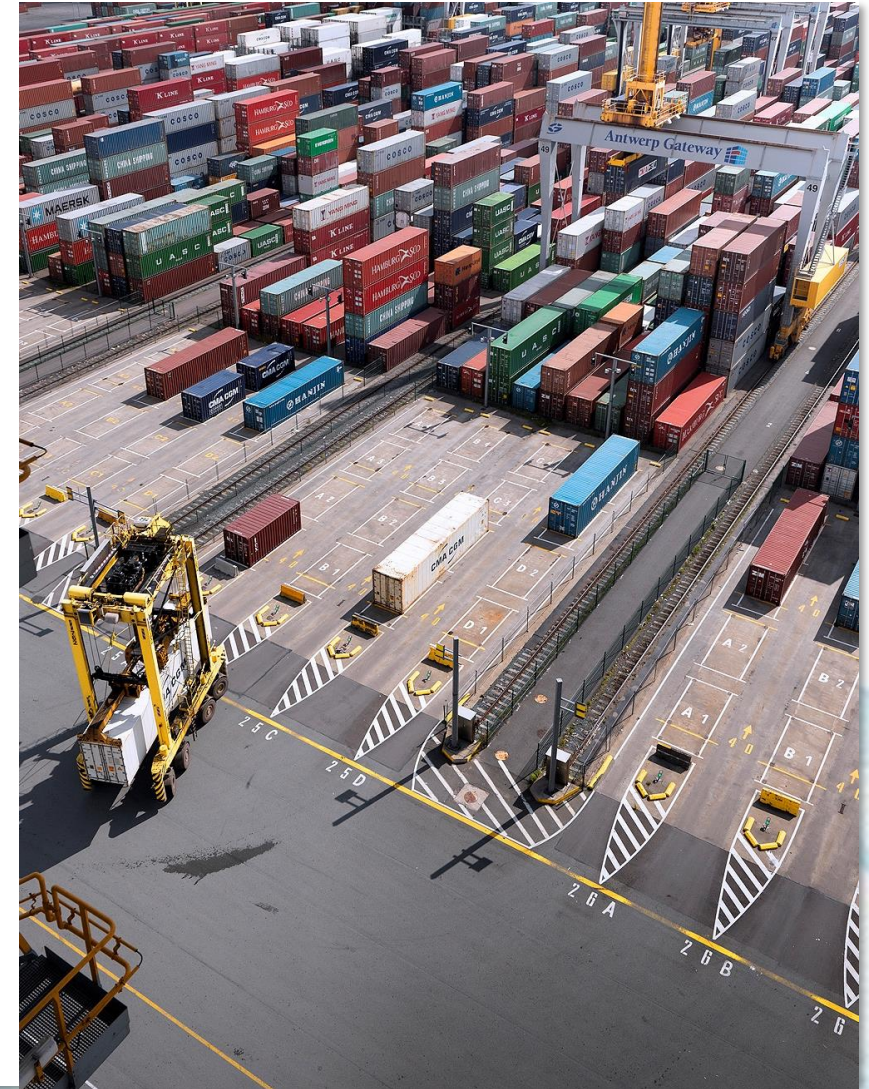
Steppingstones



The π -client

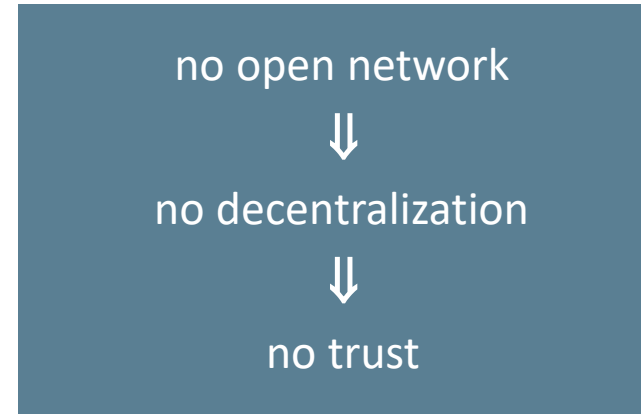
A blueprint for Physical Internet

Philippe Michiels – Lead Architect - imec



The importance of an open network

- An open network for all to connect
 - Peer-to-peer
 - Discoverability
- Trust
 - Bilaterally, based on verifiable credentials
 - Can be done using a central 3rd party
- Governance
 - On top of the network foundation
 - At community level



PILL Data model

Fit-for-purpose data model

Based of DCSA's

- Operational Vessel Schedules
- Track and Trace

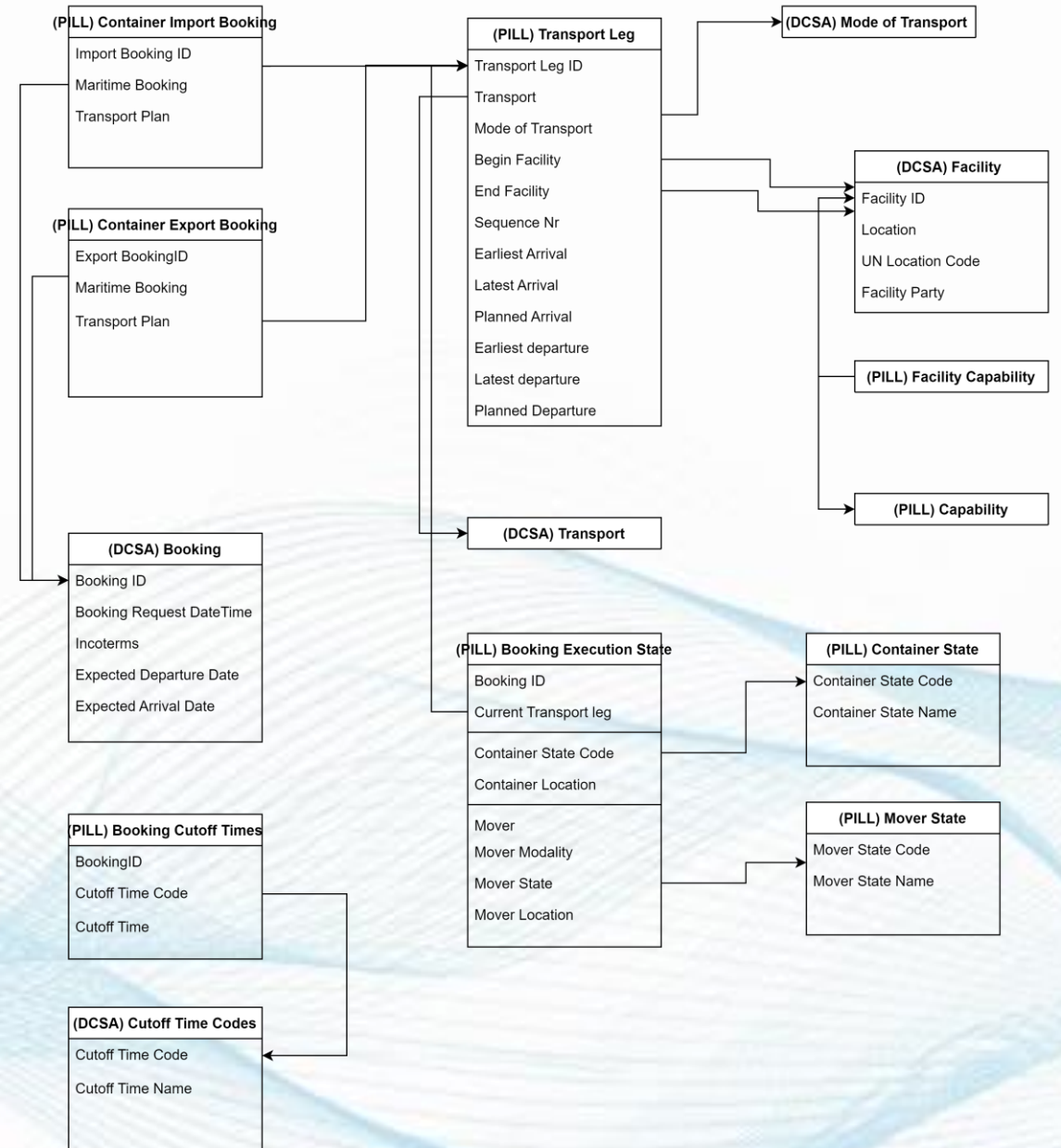
In turn rooted in UN/CEFACT

TODO: Semantic mapping to and convergence with semantic model of FEDeRATED

[Documentation \(federatedplatforms.eu\)](http://federatedplatforms.eu)

Different logistics processes

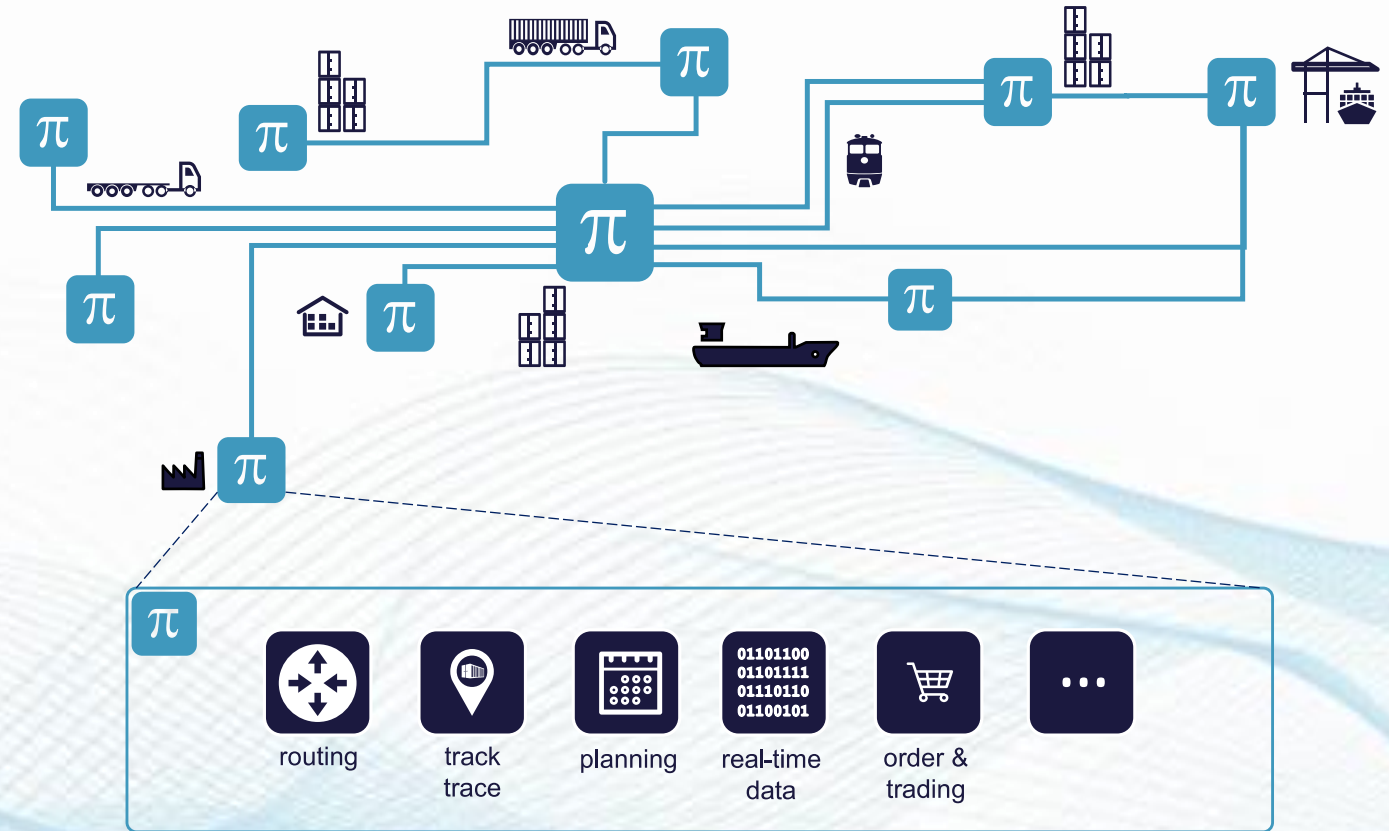
- Use fit-for-purpose standards
- But are covered semantically with a unified vocabulary



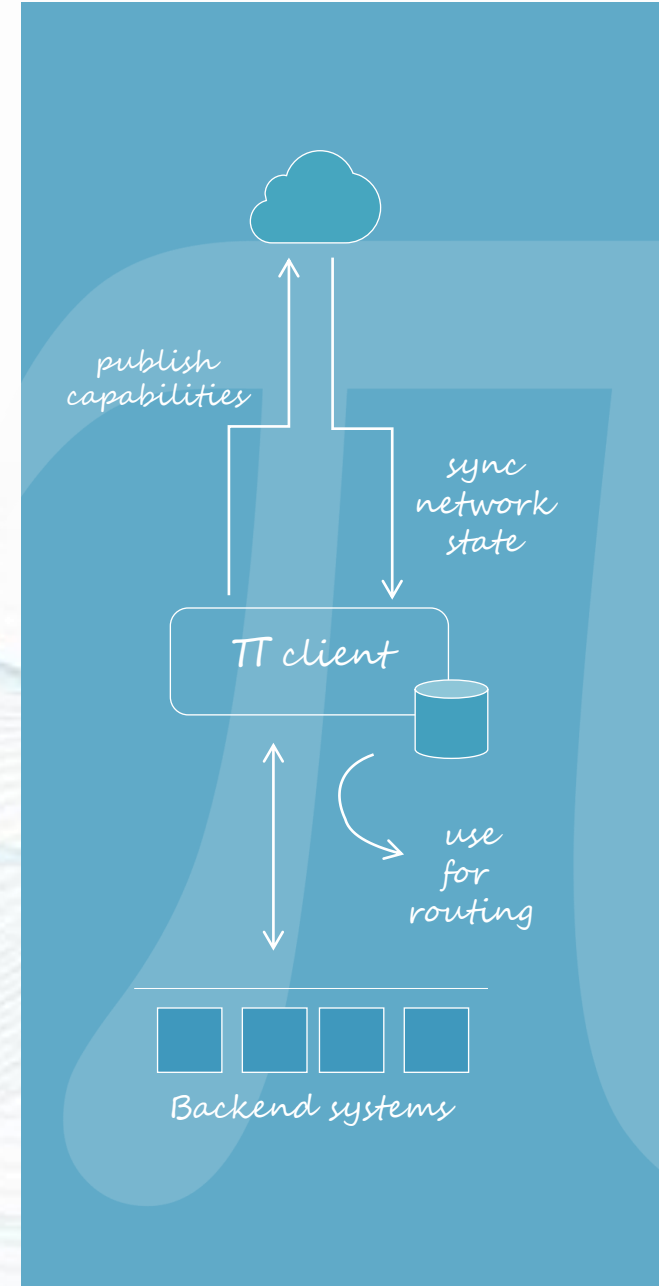
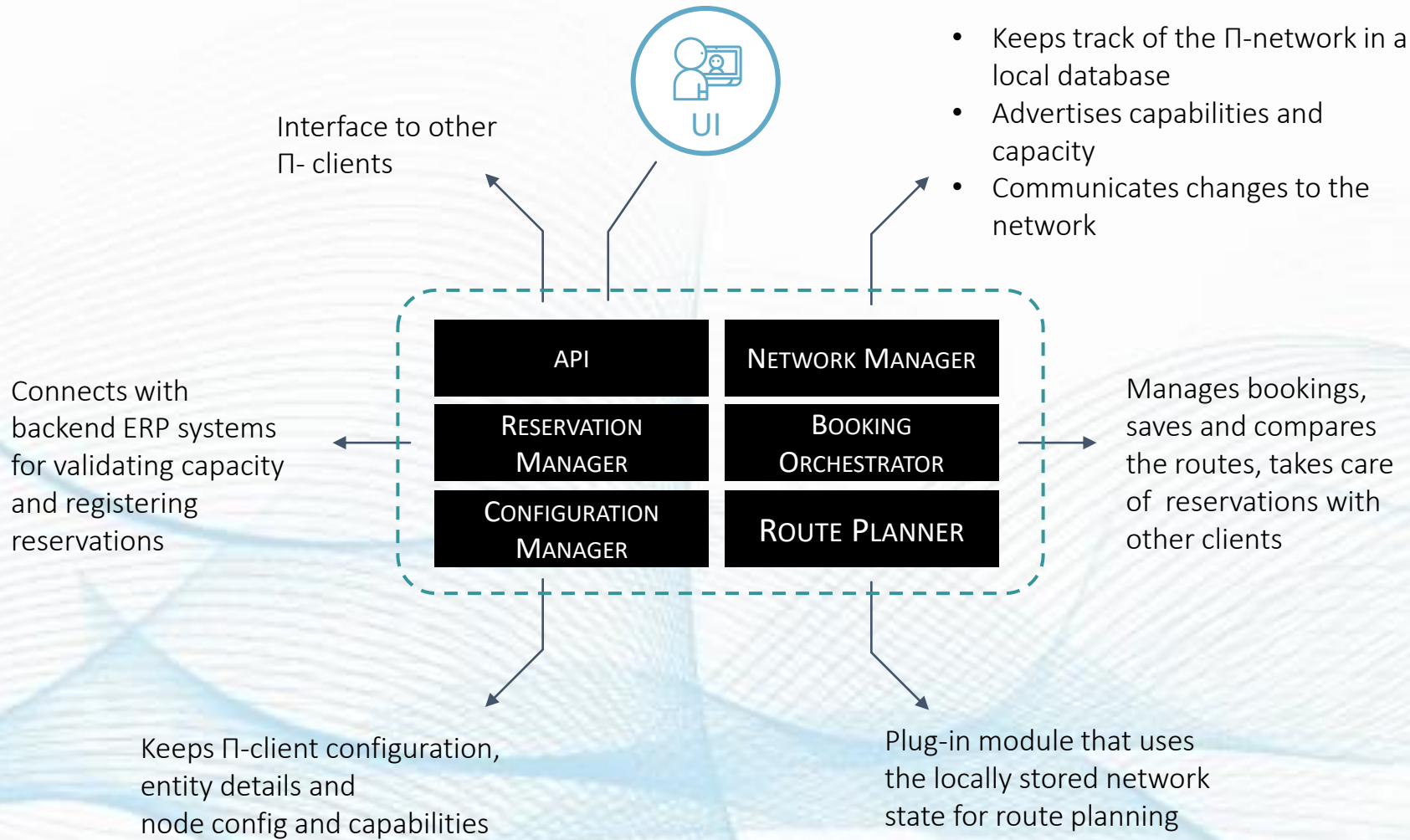
Deliverable: the PILL π -client

CONNECTOR TO THE DECENTRALIZED INTERNET

- De PI-client acts as a connector for a logistics data space
- The client acts as a platform for 3rd party applications and services
- Apps allow for digital transformation of supply chain processes
- Services provide automation and optimizations
- The network offers the possibility to push notifications for tracking events and disruptions



π -client components



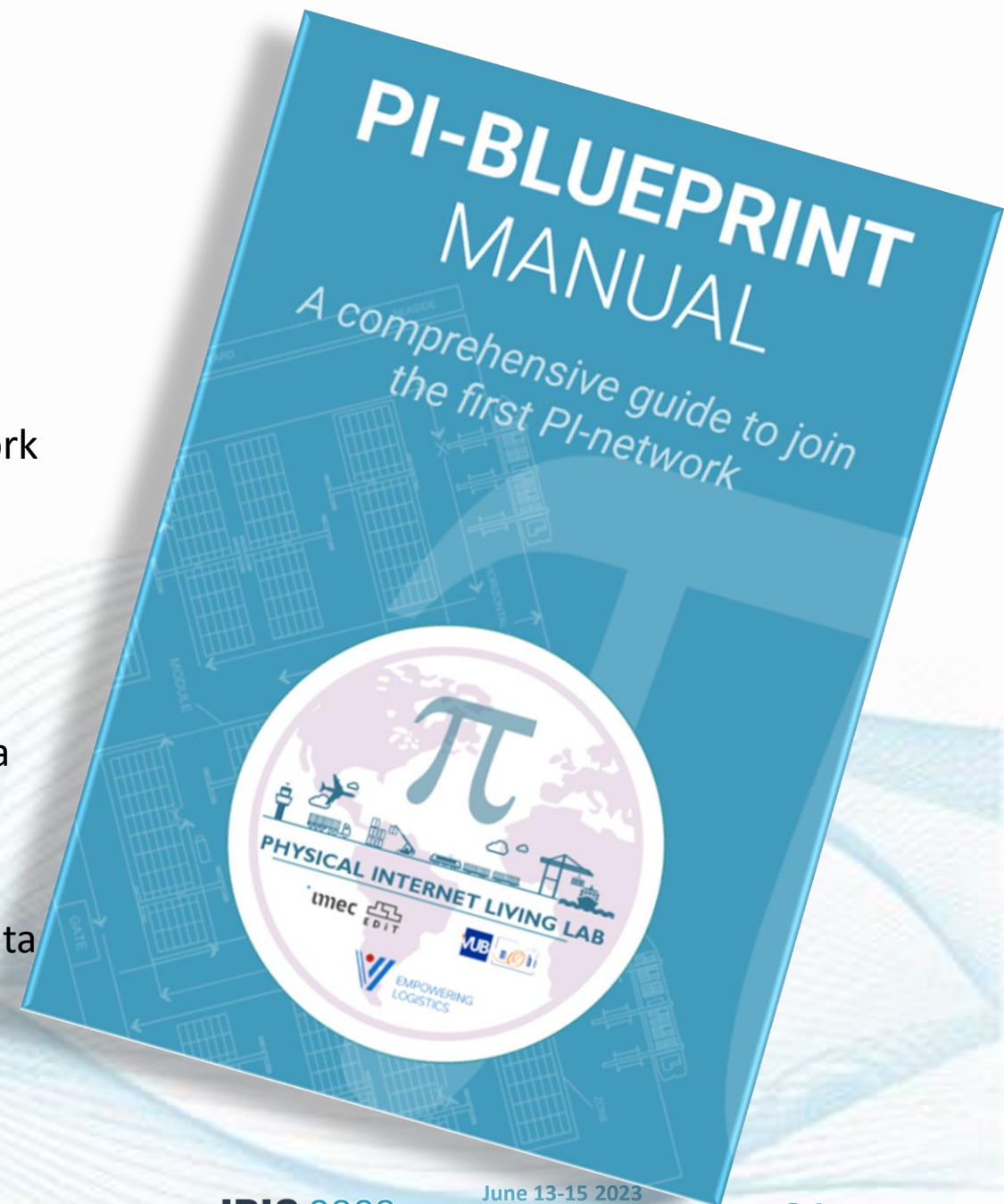
Deliverable: π -blueprint

PILL will lead to the setup and rollout of an experimental Physical Internet network.

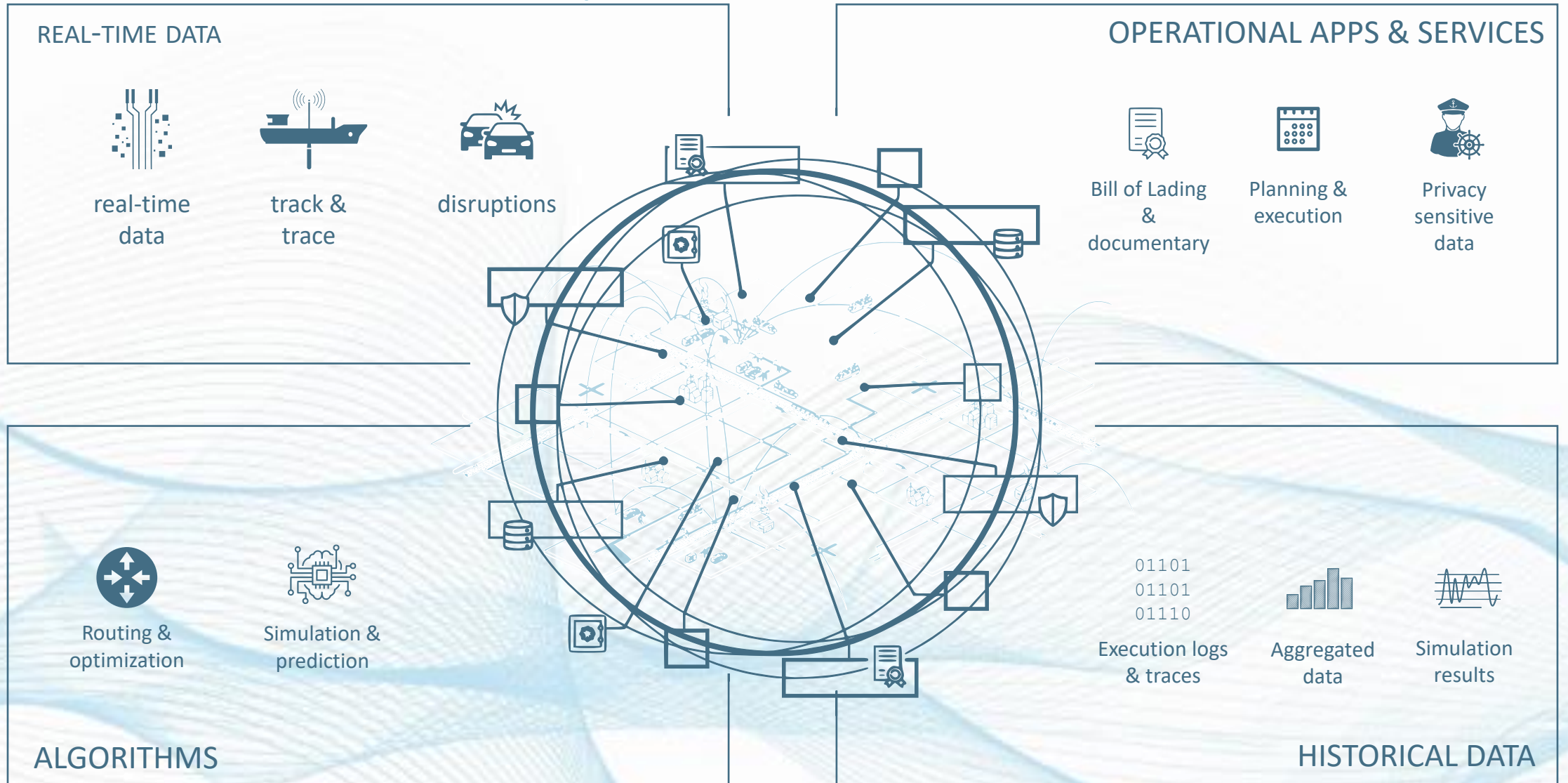
The outcome of the PILL project will result in a guide for logistics companies to onboard to and use the first PI-network and applications

The PI-blueprint includes

- Overview & onboarding instructions
- An explanation of the different functions (or capabilities) a node can take up
- Standards and technical interface specifications
- A technical explanation of the decentralized network & data sharing mechanisms
- The PI-client: open-source connector



Connection with Data Spaces



Validating the π -blueprint

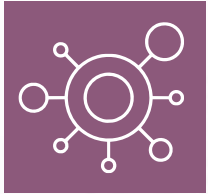
Development & testing of the PILL POC

Dries Van Bever – Business Analyst – imec




Shiqi Sun – Simulation model researcher – VUB Mobilise



Physical Internet Key Principles






DECENTRALISED NETWORK

-  Level playing field for logistics
-  Fully decentralised storage of data
-  Privacy-sensitive data sharing






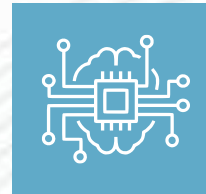
INTEROPERABILITY & AUTOMATION

-  Fit-for-purpose standards
-  Dynamic process-defined access control
-  Dynamic trust based on verifiable credentials






PLANNING & RESILIENCE

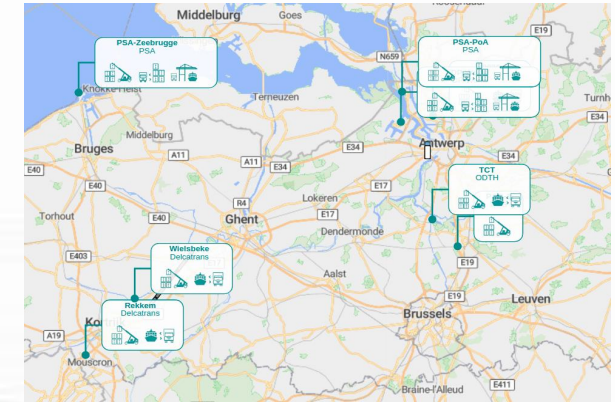
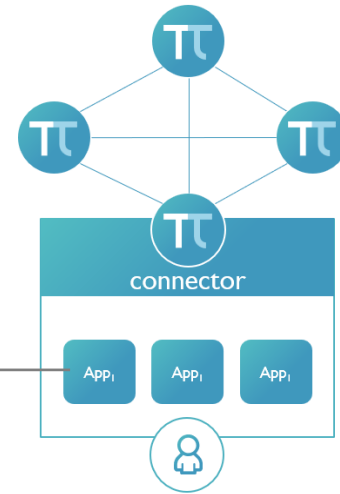
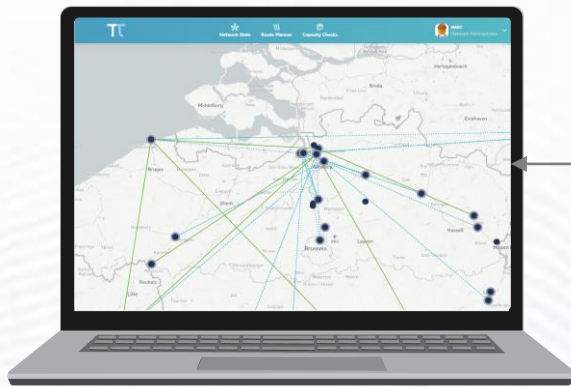
-  Shared view of the network state
-  Holistic container planning
-  Real-time response to changes



AGENT-BASED SIMULATION

-  Resilience stress testing
-  Infrastructure optimization
-  Scalability

PILL POC components



PI-application ROUTE PLANNER

- Local hosting & storage of data
- Based on PILL data standards
- Holistic container planning
- Interoperable with all PI apps

→ INTEROPERABILITY & AUTOMATION

→ PLANNING & RESILIENCE

Backend connector PI-CLIENT

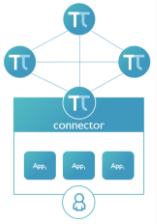
- Forms decentralised network
- Enforces data model
- Orchestrates data sharing
- Manages PI-applications

→ DECENTRALISED NETWORK

PI-application SIMULATION MODEL

- Strategic stress testing
- Infrastructure optimization
- Access (historic) network data

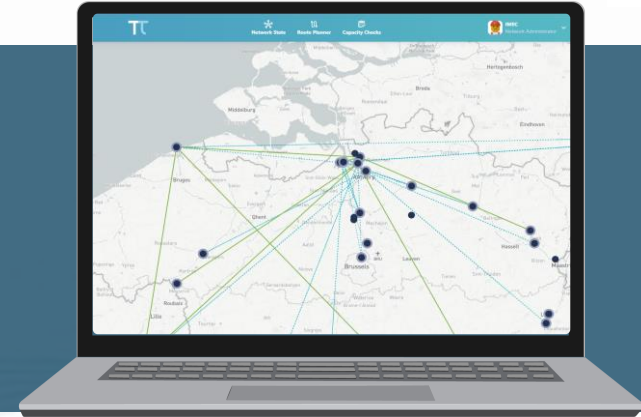
→ AGENT-BASED SIMULATION



1

π -CLIENT LIVING LAB

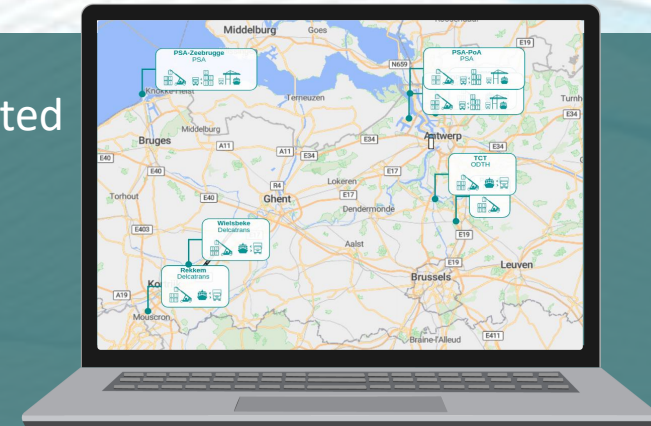
- Field testing of software with stakeholders
- Validate Decentralization & Interoperability
- Realtime data & Real container

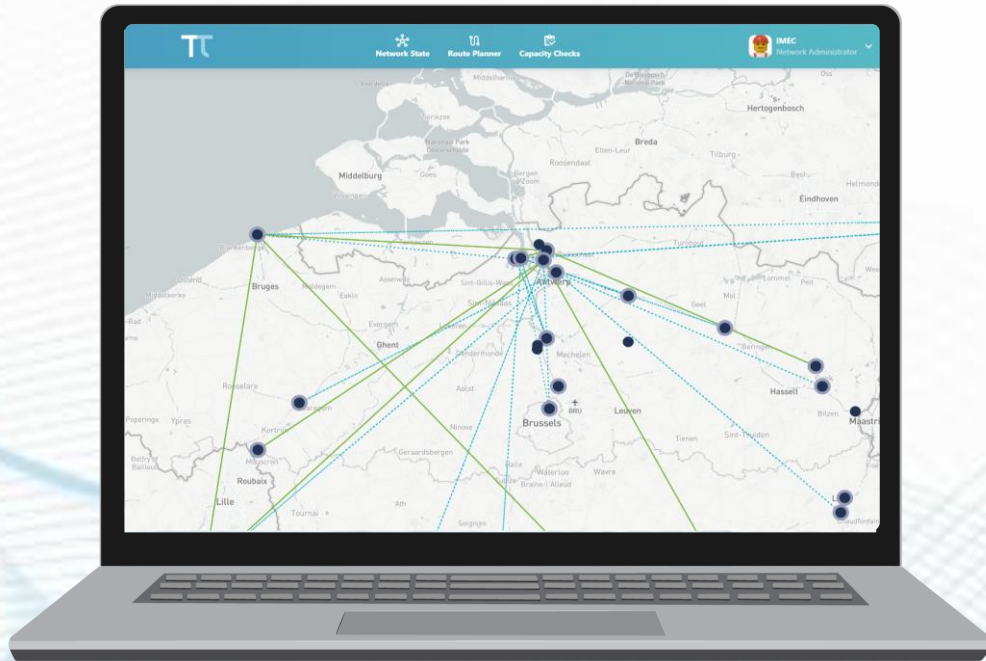


2

ABM SIMULATION TESTING

- Risk-free scenario testing in simulated environment
- Validate the routing algorithm, Scalability & predictive capacity
- Historic data & Fictional scenarios

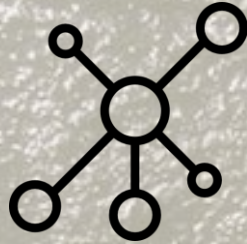




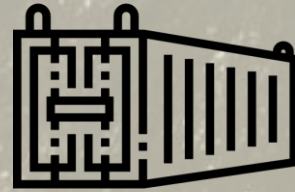
THE π -CLIENT LIVING LAB

Validation of the PI-client and route planner

FOCUS NEEDED TO KICKSTART THIS PROJECT



**LOGISTICS
NETWORK**



**SPOT CONTAINER
TRANSPORT**

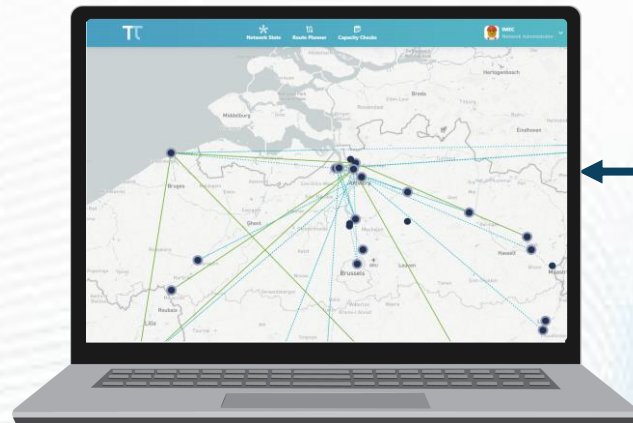


**HINTERLAND
CONNECTION**



The π -client Living Lab

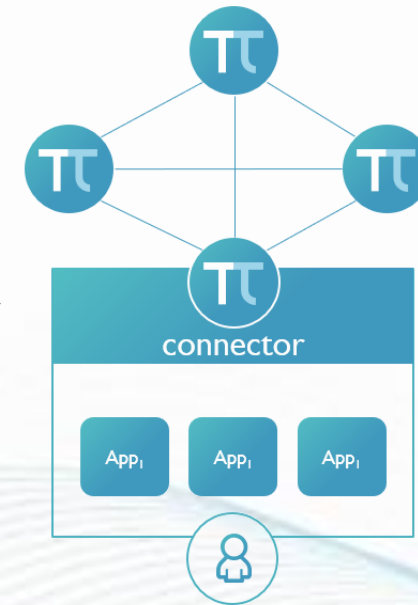
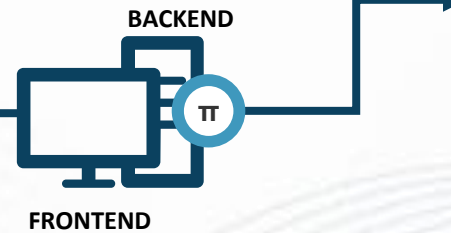
COMPONENTS OF THE LIVING LAB



PI ROUTE PLANNER

Decentralized application,
connected to the PI-network

- Local hosting & storage of data
- Based on PILL data standards
- Holistic container planning
- Interoperable with all PI applications



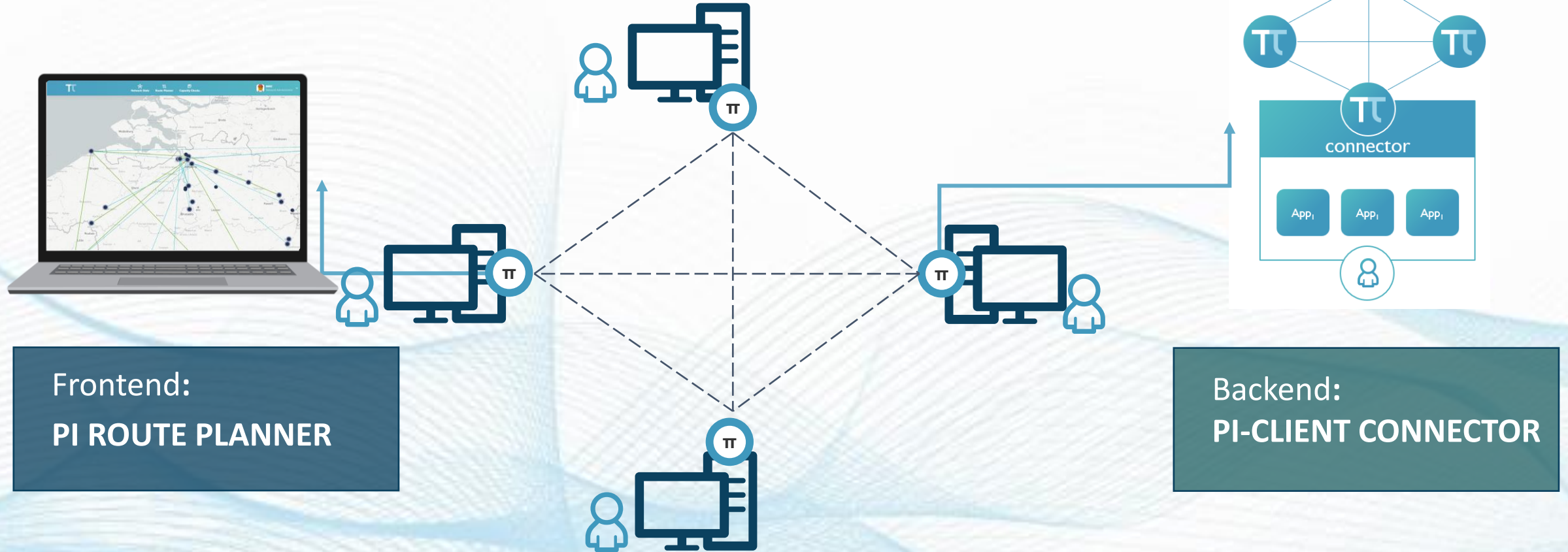
PI-CLIENT

Connector to form the
decentralized, open network

- Represents a node in the decentral network
- Enforces data model
- Orchestrates data sharing
- Manages PI-applications

The π -client Living Lab

COMPONENTS AT PLAY



Frontend:
PI ROUTE PLANNER

Backend:
PI-CLIENT CONNECTOR

The π -client Living Lab

THE PI ROUTE PLANNER



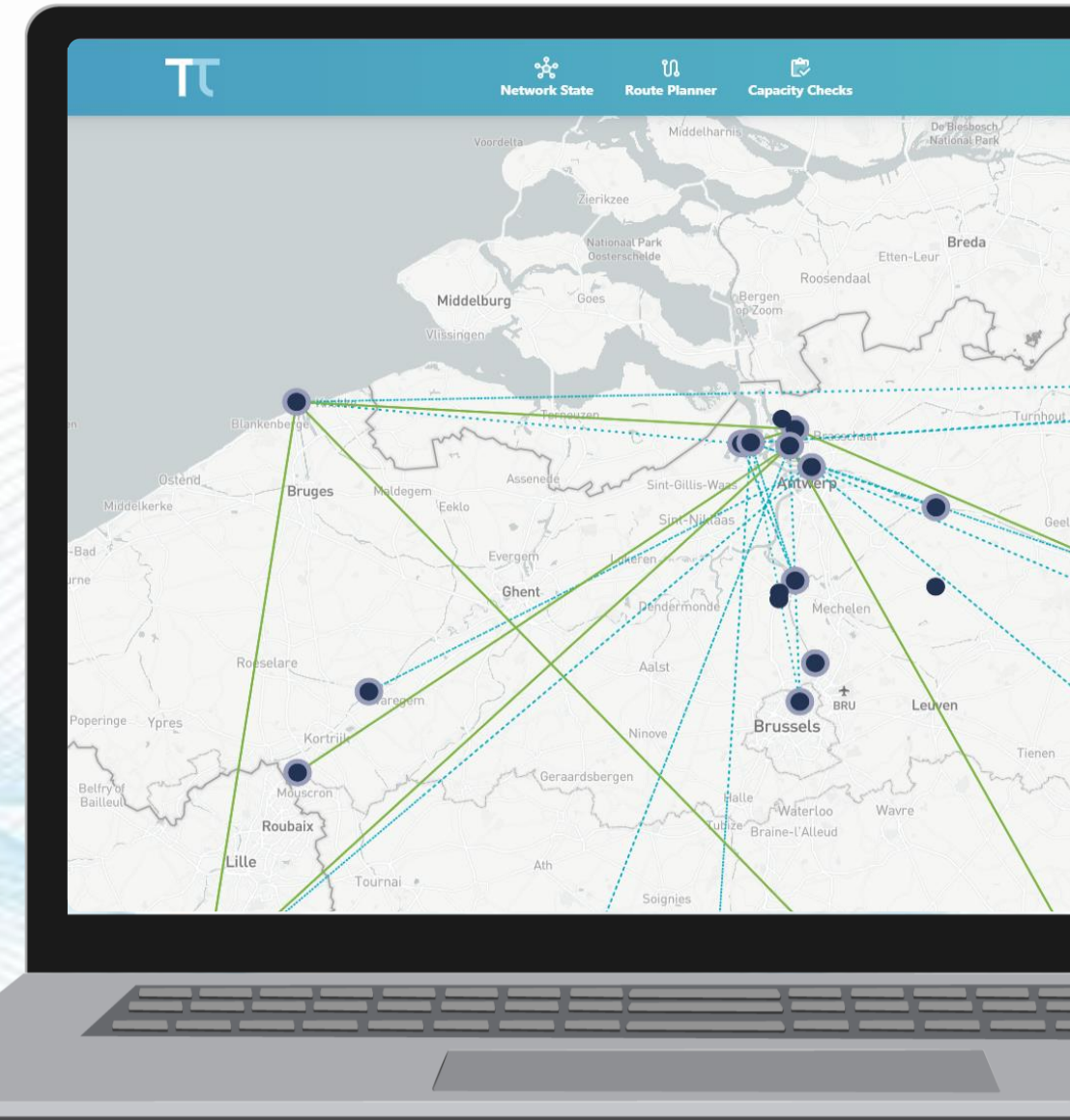
The route planner is the first POC of a logistics application that **operates on a PI-network**.

Route planning forms the cornerstone to optimize **planning & resilience** of a logistics network.

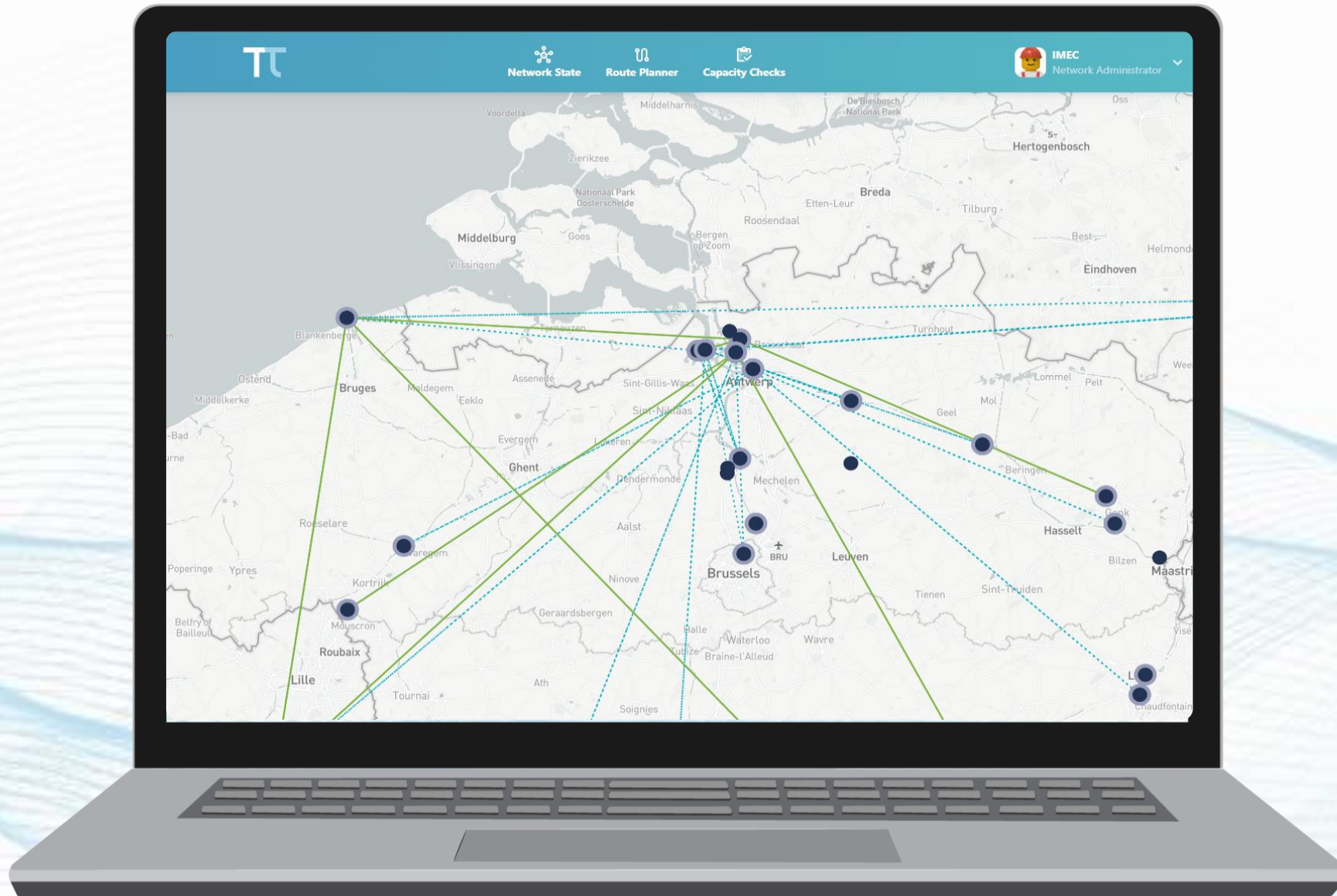
The PI-Route planner enables **data sharing & interoperability** across stakeholders on the PI

Capabilities:

- Share & view the network state data
- Route planning, using the live network state data
- Anonymized Capacity Requests



Demo



The π -client Living Lab

LIVING LAB TEST

10 logistics players tested out the Application & PI-client.

For 2 weeks all their spot orders on the corridor of the Albert Canal were planned & organized using the route planner

- 2-week operational test (April 2023)
- 10 participants: Truck, Rail, Barge, Terminals, Forwarders
- Real data, real containers
- Open data sharing, based on the PILL data model
- 1on1 (anonymized) capacity checks, followed by offline finalisation

LINEAS
YOUR FREIGHT FORCE

GOMMEREN
GOED OP WEG

DP WORLD
LIEGE
CONTAINER TERMINALS

DP WORLD

YOUR GREEN WAY TO SHIP
BCTN
Connecting the Flow

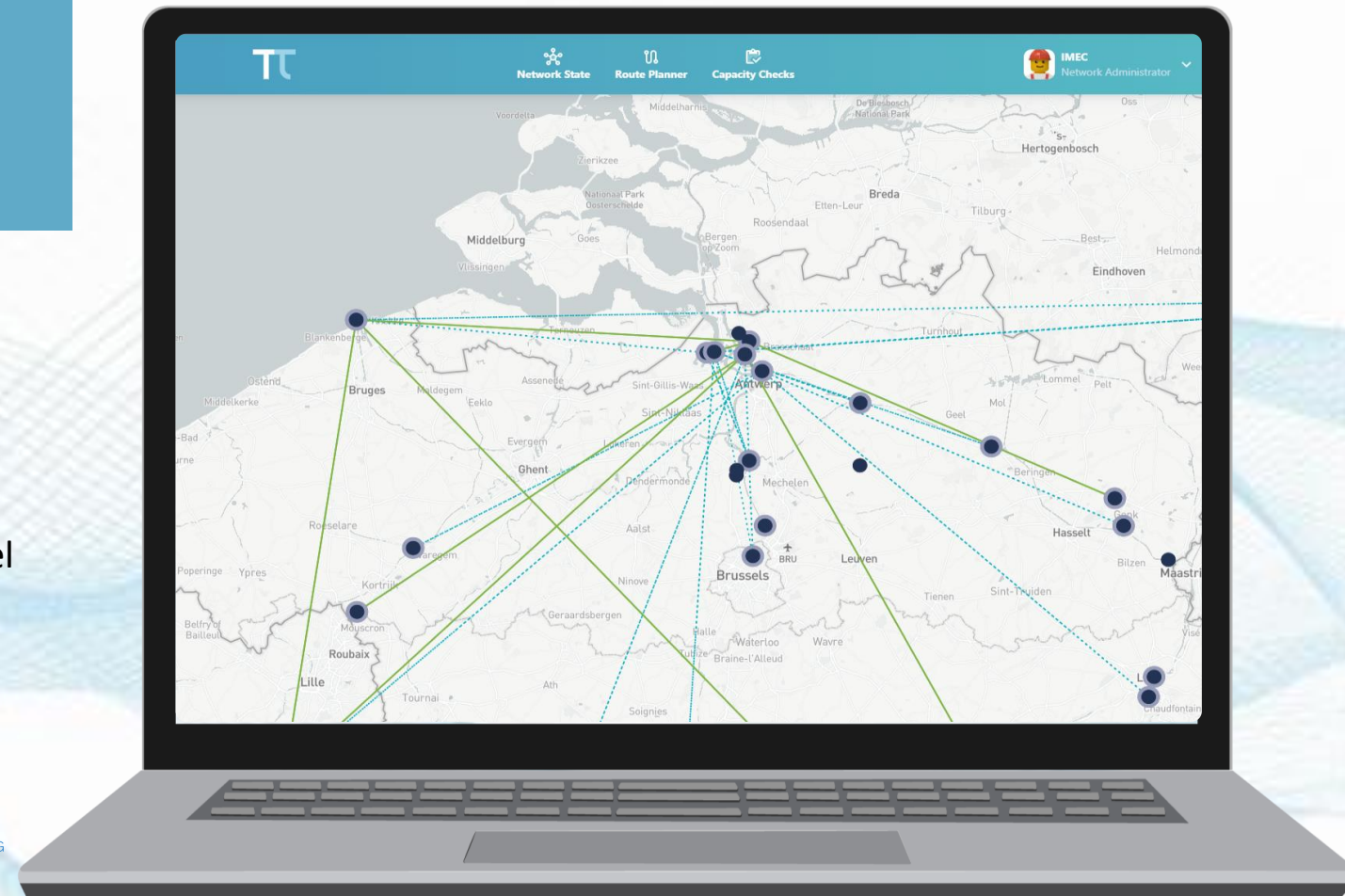
VINTRA

HANDICO TRUCKING
- A Herfuth Group Company -

EMBASSY FREIGHT SERVICES

H.ESSERS

IFS



PILL

umec

VUB mobilise
analysing mobility, mobilising people

EMPOWERING LOGISTICS

The π -client Living Lab

CONCLUSIONS OF LIVING LAB



DECENTRALISED NETWORK

Can we run a software on a decentralized network?



It is possible to onboard and connect data bases with each other without a central orchestrator



DATA MODEL

Can we create a data standard for container planning?



The current data model is correct, but not yet complete



INTEROPERABILITY:

Can we use data on a decentralized network to calculate & plan transport?



Open and 1on1 data sharing is possible on a decentralized network

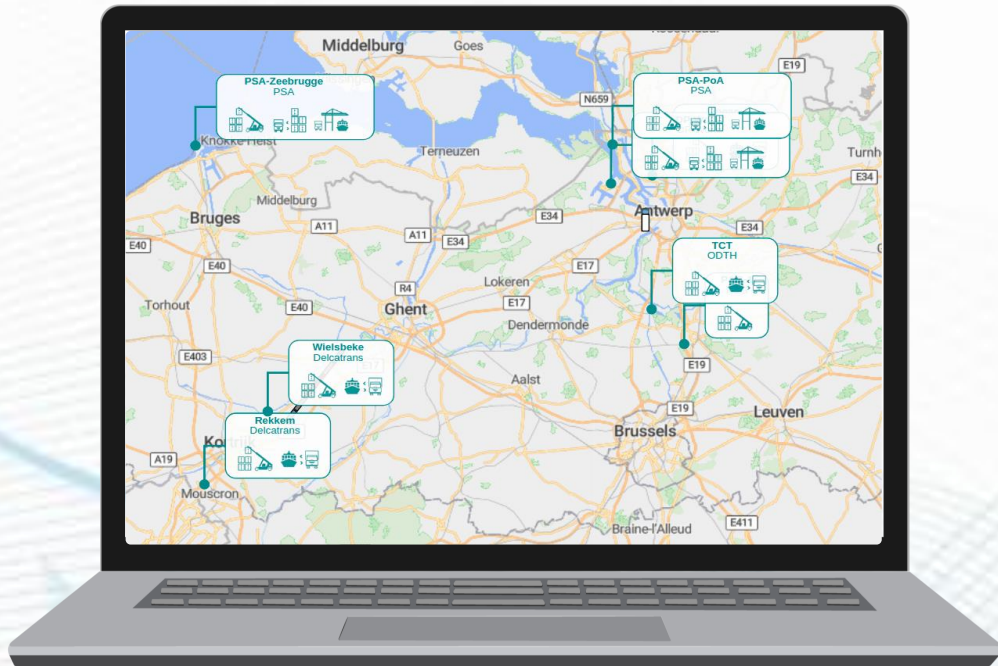


PI BUSINESS VALUE

What is the value of open collaboration on a decentralized network?



The concept is experienced as answering the needs of the sector. Still the living lab was too limited to prove this.

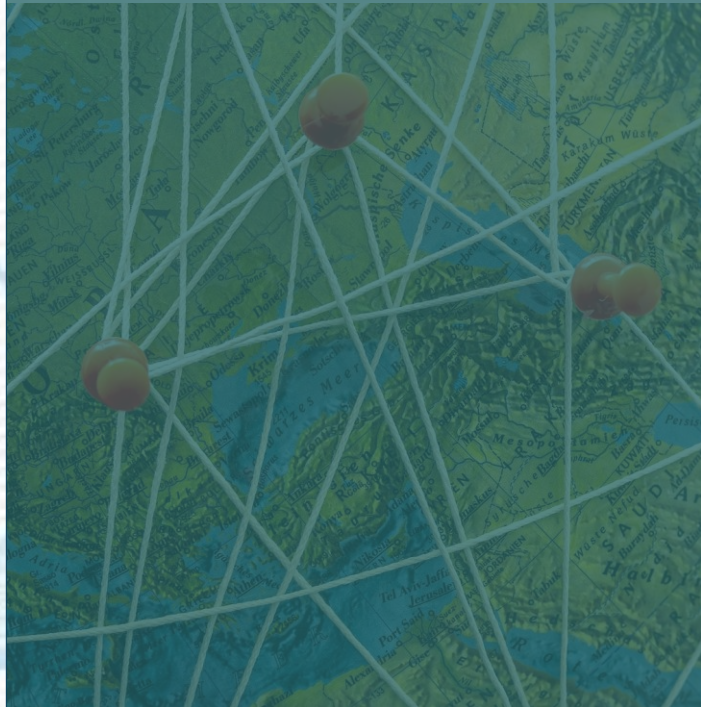


ABM SIMULATION TESTING *(ongoing)*

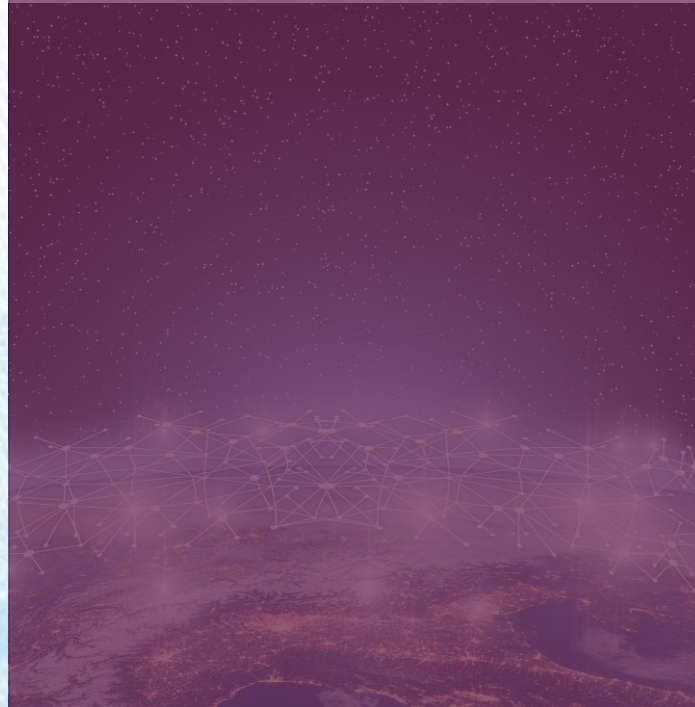
Validation of a decentralized network of PI-clients through an agent-based simulation model

Importance of the Agent-based Model

Validation of Routing & Optimization Algorithms



Scalability Testing

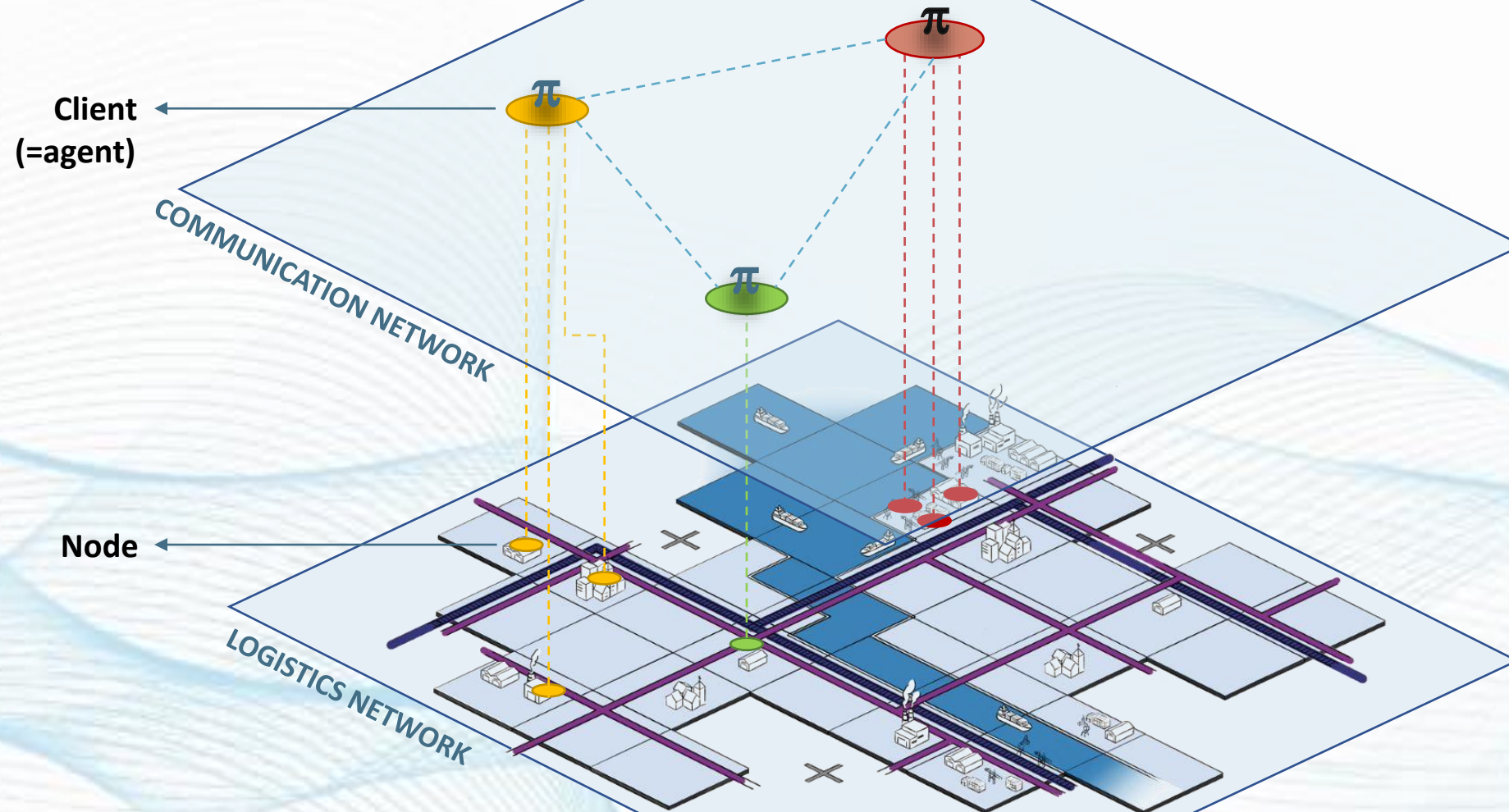


Predictive Analysis



Clients & the Agent-based Model

ENVIRONMENT





Controls

Network Show PI-Clients

Show breadcrumbs

Global cost function

Distance

Cost

Commissions (gr GHG /tonne.km)

Bookings

14

13

12

11

10

9

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

0

0.5

0

-0.5

-1

Belgium Andenne

Charleroi

Binche

La Louvière

Mons

Ath

Br

B

A54

A54

R3

R3

E42

E42

R3

N98

N63

E25

N4

38 amec

Client

- An active PI-Client
- Planning, booking and reservation

Node

- A physical location
- Characterised by capabilities for routing

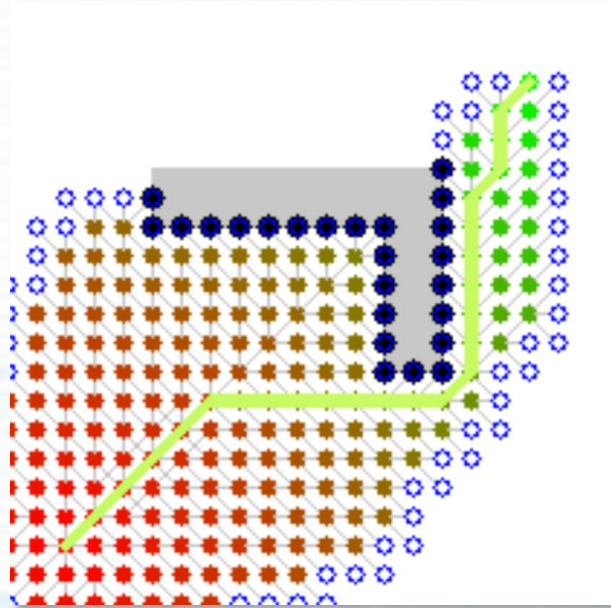
Mover

- Trucks, trains and barges
- Flexible and scheduled
- Depart from the base (owner's node)

Routing algorithms

PIA* – SNAPSHOT PLANNING

- A* Algorithm

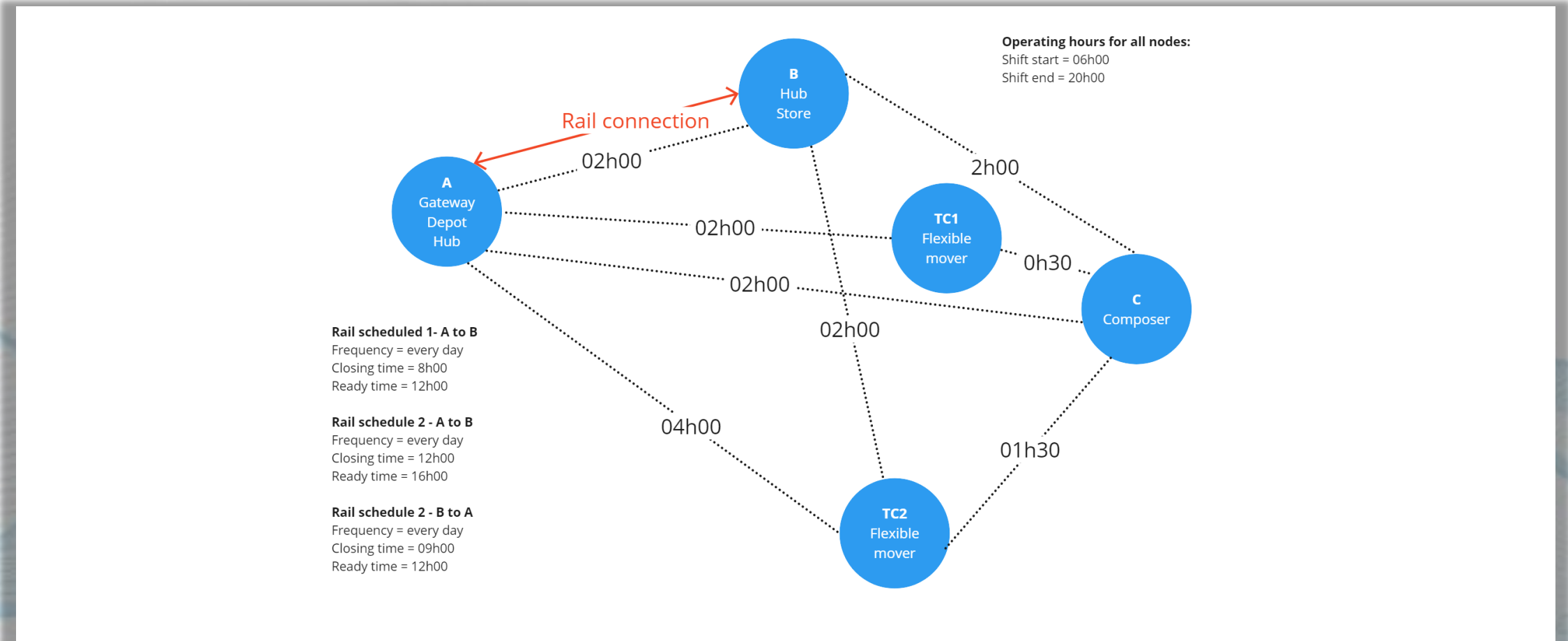


- Besides, PIA* ...
 - is a one-step routing solution for cargo owners (at loadis)
 - consider movers finding
 - does not need full information on the network
 - defines neighbours by location and time

A* example by Subh83, CC BY 3.0 <<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/>>, via Wikimedia Commons

Routing algorithms

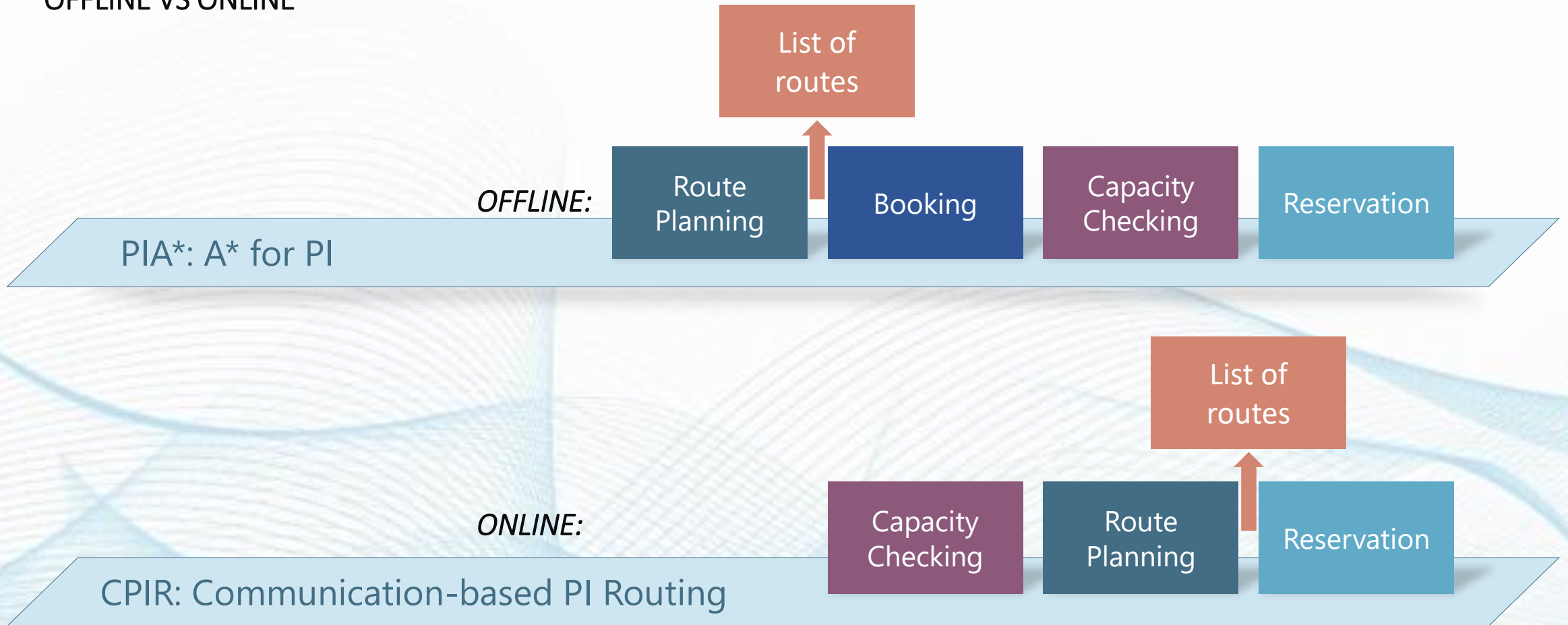
CPIR – ON-DEMAND PLANNING



Sun, S., Cassan, C., & Macharis, C. (n.d.). Communication is Computation : a Privacy-Protecting Routing Algorithm for Physical Internet. Unpublished Manuscript.

Routing algorithms

OFFLINE VS ONLINE



Importance of the Agent Based Model

Validation of Routing & Optimization Algorithms

Routing optimality

Privacy

Disruptions treatment

Scalability Testing

More nodes

More constraints

More capabilities

Predictive Analysis

Towards Digital Twin

What if...

Risk management

What's next for PILL ?

Key takeaways & follow-up initiatives

Joris Finck –Project manager - imec



KEY TAKE-AWAY #1

- A mature version of the Living Lab platform and PI-client would improve day-to-day logistics operations
- The most expected impact is on optimizing fill rate
- The current POC scope was too small to measure actual impact

”

The PILL solution
has proven to
answer several
logistics
challenges

KEY TAKE-AWAY #2

- By limiting the # of required data, the PI-client increases trust in data sharing
- The key factor to enable a decentralized sharing of data is trust between stakeholders
- Governance will be a basic pillar of the supporting capabilities of the network
- Anonymity is not a desired functionality in a trusted network
- Full automation is not desired (yet), control is still a big factor in trust in the network

”

Trust and control
are driving
factors to build a
data sharing
network

KEY TAKE-AWAY #3

- Planning optimization on a PI only works from a certain volume of users
- Improving a logistics network via PI will only fully work if the majority in that network are on it
- To increase adoption, it is important to integrate with existing platforms in a first stage

”

Achieving a critical mass is crucial to the value proposition of PI

KEY TAKE-AWAY #4

- Data sharing forms the basis of a PI network. A unified Data standard is integral to enable (automated) data sharing
- UNCEFACT data standards are the most widely adopted and should be the basis for PI standards
- Translating current platforms to a PI data standard will be an important step in onboarding existing platforms

”

Data standards
are the basis for
a PI network

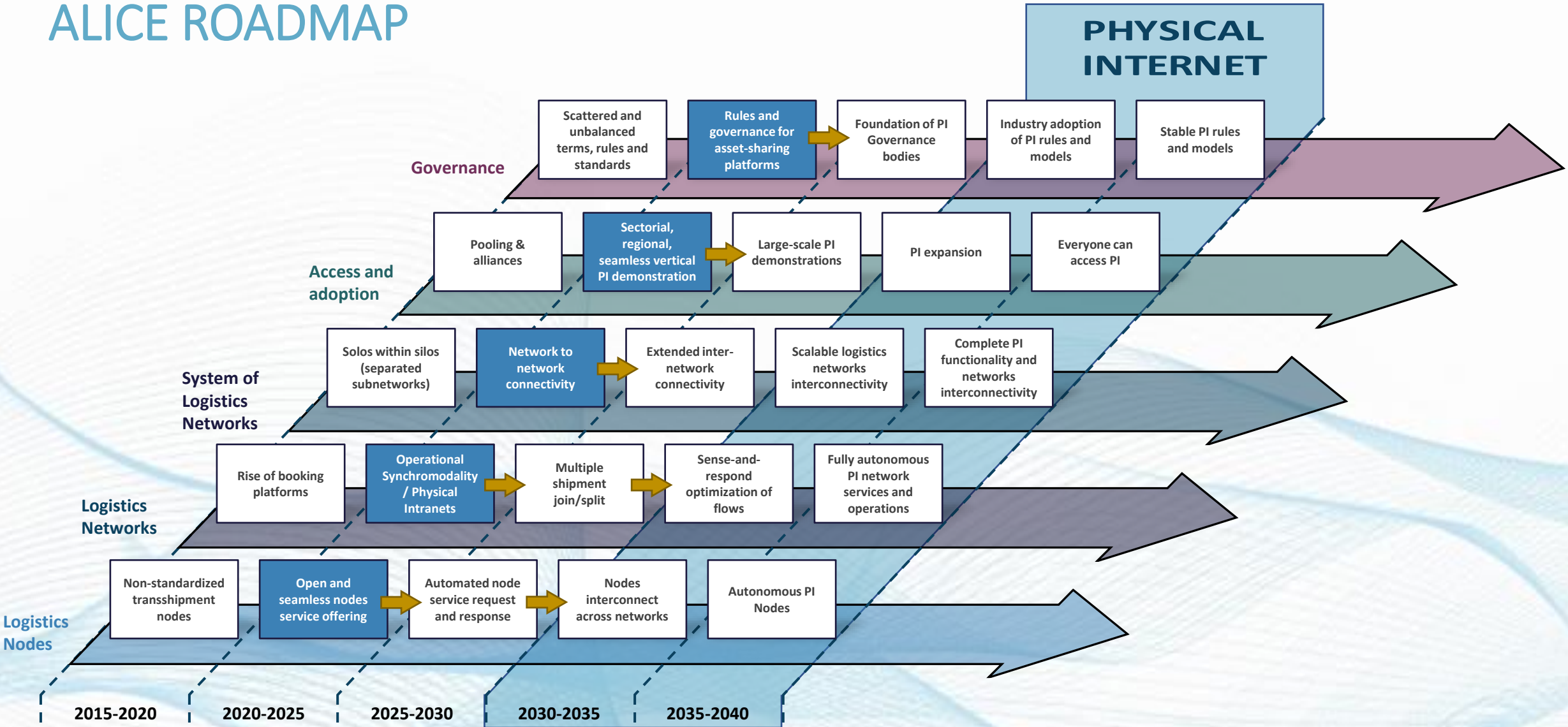
KEY TAKE-AWAY #5

- New collaborative components will need to be built to facilitate interoperability and trusted data sharing
- The need for these components will give rise to a variety of new digital services that
- Software providers play a crucial role in creating these components

”

The revolution of PI will be enabled by the emergence of new digital services

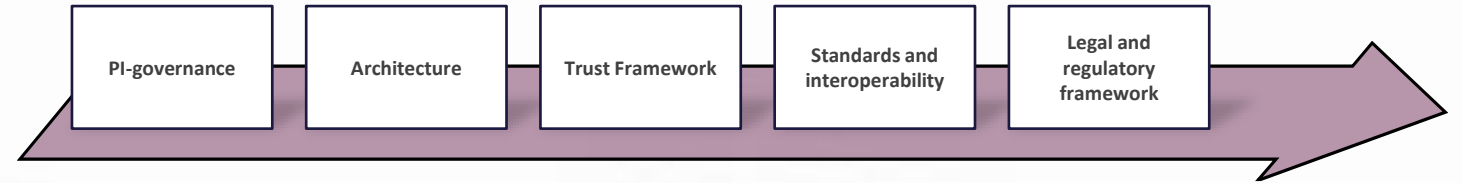
ALICE ROADMAP



PILL ROADMAP

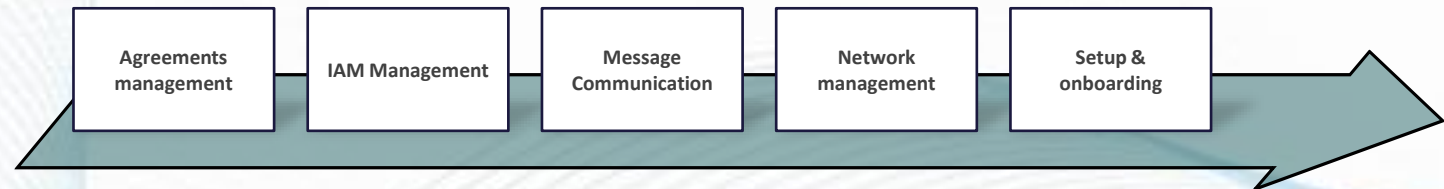
PI-Client Framework

Universal functionalities that are embedded in the PI-client framework



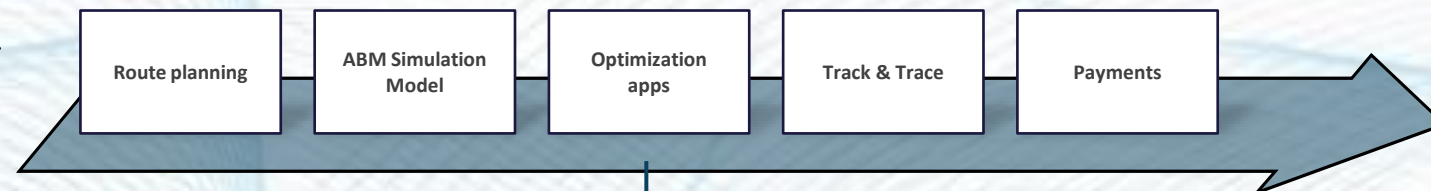
Collaborative components

Components that enable collaboration between parties.



Physical Internet App Marketplace

Apps that support different logistics processes



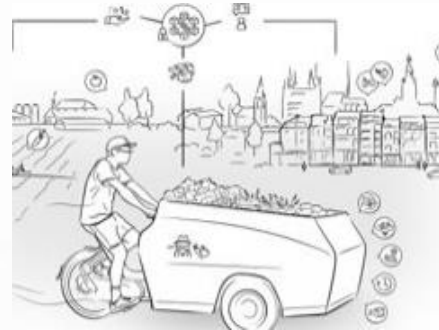
Roadmap in terms of projects and use cases

PILL synergies



PIONEERS

Sustainable ports through synchromodal intra-port logistics



DISCO

Data space connectors in Urban logistics



SYTADEL

Reference implementation of a data space to the context of logistics synchromodal planning.

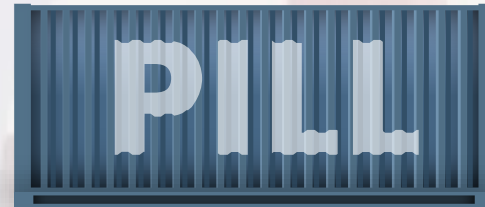


FLEMISH SMART DATA SPACE

Enabling smart urban mobility by using the Flemish sensor dataspace.

We are looking for project partners to further build the PI roadmap!

Thank You



PHYSICAL INTERNET LIVING LAB



13-15 JUNE 2023 Athens, Greece
www.pi.events/IPIC2023



Expanding the logistics Scope